

DØ Computing at UTA

Jae Yu

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Dr. Michael Procaro

- Introduction
- UTA DØ MC Farm
- Local Computing Resources
- DØ Remote Analysis Coordination Effort (RACE)
- UTA DØ Grid Effort
- Plans for the near future
- Conclusions



Introduction

- UTA was the largest offsite farm in Run I
- Playing a leading roll in RunII MC production
- Switched over to MC production network event delivery
- Begin to set up analysis servers for remote-analysis
- Recent appointment for DØ Remote Analysis Coordination
 - Setting up seamless software distribution
 - Efficient resource management
 - Transparent data delivery
- Strong participation to DØ Grid effort → Working together with ATLAS



MC Farm Responsibility at DØ

- Has been a main offsite facility for MC generation and production for DØ in both Run I and II
- Increased capacity to produce about 30k events/day in two independent Linux farm clusters
 - Collaboration with UTA Computing Science Engineering Department and Academic Computing Services
 - Will double the capacity when ACS farm integrated in
- Has a very efficient home grown MC farm job control software and monitoring systems



UTA DØ Monte Carlo Farm

- Largest offsite computing facility in Run I (European institutions has taken the title away in Run II)
- Current UTA HEP MC Farm system:
 - 5 dual 566MHz + 18 dual 866MHz Linux PCs
 - 0.5GB RAM per machine
 - 0.61 TB total disk storage
- Use Home grown job and resource management software →
Preserve high efficiency
- To date over 4.3 million events generated in 8 Mo. for Run II
- Second farm of five dual 866MHz Linux cpu in CSE recently added
 - Promotes inter-departmental collaboration
 - UTA CSE interested in GRID development
- Working with the ACS to add 16 dual 866MHz Linux farm
- Switched from Tape to Network event delivery system



Local Analysis Computing

- New analysis server added (Mark Sosebee)
 - 600GB disk space
 - 100MBit/sec network card
 - Dual 1GHz cpu
 - 1GByte of ram
 - Linux OS installed
 - Ready for DØ software deployment
- Supplemented with separate mail and web servers
- Other Desk top machines for desk top analysis
- HEP MC Farm machines + ATLAS Test machines
- Network bandwidth improvements



Remote Analysis Coordination

- Computing hardware is rather inexpensive
 - CPU and storage media are inexpensive
 - Small institutions can afford to own reasonable size computing facilities
- DØ collaboration is larger and more international
 - Most the collaborating institutions are remote
 - Code development can occur at remote stations
 - Exploit available man-hours for much needed software development
 - Give ownership to collaborators from remote institutes
 - Optimal and efficient access to data is of utmost importance to expedite analyses
 - Minimize travel around the globe for data access
 - Exploit existing but scattered computing resources
 - Sociological issue of HEP people at the home institutions
- It is quite certain that sharing a 15-20fb⁻¹ worth of raw and reconstructed data (~5-7PByte?) efficiently will be a big issue
- **Primary goal is empowering individual desktop users**



What do we need?

- Remote DØ software development environment
 - Allow remote participation for code development which might soon be a bottleneck in expediting physics results
 - Allow remote analysis for histogram production
 - Allow remote reconstruction or production environment
- Optimized resource management tools
 - Allow to maximally utilize local resources
 - Allow to tap into available computing resources in other locations
 - Allow participation of remote resources for global reconstruction or production
- Efficient and transparent data delivery and sharing
 - Allow location independent access to data
 - Allow quicker access to sufficient statistics for initial analyses
 - Allow data sharing throughout the entire network of collaboration
 - Minimize central data storage dependence
 - Alleviate load for central data storage and servers



Remote System Software Usage

- Three usage categories of remote DØ code development system
 - Minimal executables and necessary configuration files: MC farms, releases done through very light mini-tar
 - Accepting binary only done via tar files, heavier than mini-tar. For local executable running → Run-time environment effort will help this case
 - Full blown code releases; binaries via tar files and sources via ups/upd ← UTA wants this mode
- Most the institutions want the entire software



Initial Infrastructure Set Up

- Have established a listserver distribution list, d0-remote-analysis
 - Consists of 50 subscribers who are institutional contacts so far
 - Provide more restricted forum to share experiences and information
- One institutional Contact requested per each institution responsible for (People with more permanent position for continuity)
 - Setting up remote analysis stations
 - Keeping up releases
 - Answer institutional user inquiries
 - Channel through the inquiries that can't be answered locally to larger and more experienced crowd, d0-remote-analysis, to share experiences
 - Provide institutional supports for analysis or code development efforts
 - Participate in development of remote-analysis tools
 - Participate in testing and evaluating the tools
 - Establish necessary infrastructure for institutions (network, disk space, etc)



- Sent out Survey to gather information
 - How many were established
 - What is the depth of software download and installation (binaries, source)
 - Preference in Pull vs Push release system?
 - Biggest difficulties in establishing remote-sites?
 - What can be improved?
 - What can institutions offer?
 - Tasks for efficient remote analysis establishments?
 - Attend remote-analysis workshops?
 - Topics to be discussed in the workshops?
- 53/76 institutions (30/34US, 19/30 European, 5/7SA, 1/5A) assigned institutional contacts (45)
- Will organize a series of workshops, first one in Feb. at FNAL



Workshop Goals

- Primary goals:
 - Identify available resources within the collaboration
 - Sharing experiences
 - Understand the current status → Exchange ideas
 - Identify missing or anticipated to be missing pieces for exploiting remote resources
 - Identify items that need to be prepared for expediting data analysis at remote sites
 - Identify necessary tools to empower desktop users
 - Set common goals, task lists and schedules
 - Distribute tasks
- Establishing clear road map for the future



Biggest Difficulties

- Having hard time setting up initially
 - Lack of updated documentation
 - Rather complicated set up procedure
 - Lack of experience → No forum to share experiences
- OS version differences (RH6.2 vs 7.1), let alone OS
- Most the established sites have easier time updating releases
- Network problems affecting successful completion of large size releases (4GB) takes a couple of hours (SA)
- No specific responsible persons to ask questions
- Availability of all necessary software via ups/upd
- Time difference between continents affecting efficiencies



Plans for DØ Remote Analysis

- Make the initial set up simpler and easier
 - Provide updated document and maintain them in regular bases
 - Provide initial set up script that needs only a push of a button
- Establish automatic “release-ready” notification system using the distribution d0-remote-analysis
 - Need to agree on a definition of “release-ready”
 - My suggestion is let the release managers define this
 - But provide sufficient information on the release
- Improve and provide tools for simplified (preferably one button web operation) “pull” based download and installation



- Limit other OS supports (IRIX, LINUX + minimal OSF)
 - Remote stations are responsible for local build for unsupported OS
- Start bi-weekly (every on-week) remote-analysis meetings to share information and experiences
 - Video conferencing >30 institutions at the same time is the first huddle
 - Pick a few sites and get them through the set up process → Refine the documents, tools, and procedures
 - Goal is to get all other institutions that want remote-analysis release system ready within 6 months or by next summer
- In the mean time, will prepare for workshop in Feb.



- Offer for help
 - Some institutions volunteer for testing
 - Univ. of Wuppertal
 - Mainz
 - UTA
 - KSU
 - BU
 - Some institutions offer manpower in various forms
 - UTA
 - Langston
 - UC Fresno
 - LA Tech
 - Some offer specific tool developments
 - Build error information (Washington)
 - Pick-n-choose download and installation (UC Riverside)
 - Run time environment (Imperial College)
 - SAM & Condor batch submission (Imperial College)
 - PACMAN development (Michigan)



UTA DØ Grid Effort

- DØ Data delivery system (SAM) intensely used to transfer MC events to FNAL storage via network
- Installed Condor on our Two MC farms (HEP and CSE)
- Condor running on the farms
 - Submitted simple test jobs
 - Will write new control software, utilizing Condor
- Observe interactions between Condor and SAM
- Installed another Grid toolkit, Globus
- Will participate in development of job and resource management tools
 - Develop tools for DØ's use
 - Apply them to ATALS
- Use DØ as Grid test bed → Must work with PPDG and FNAL-DØ

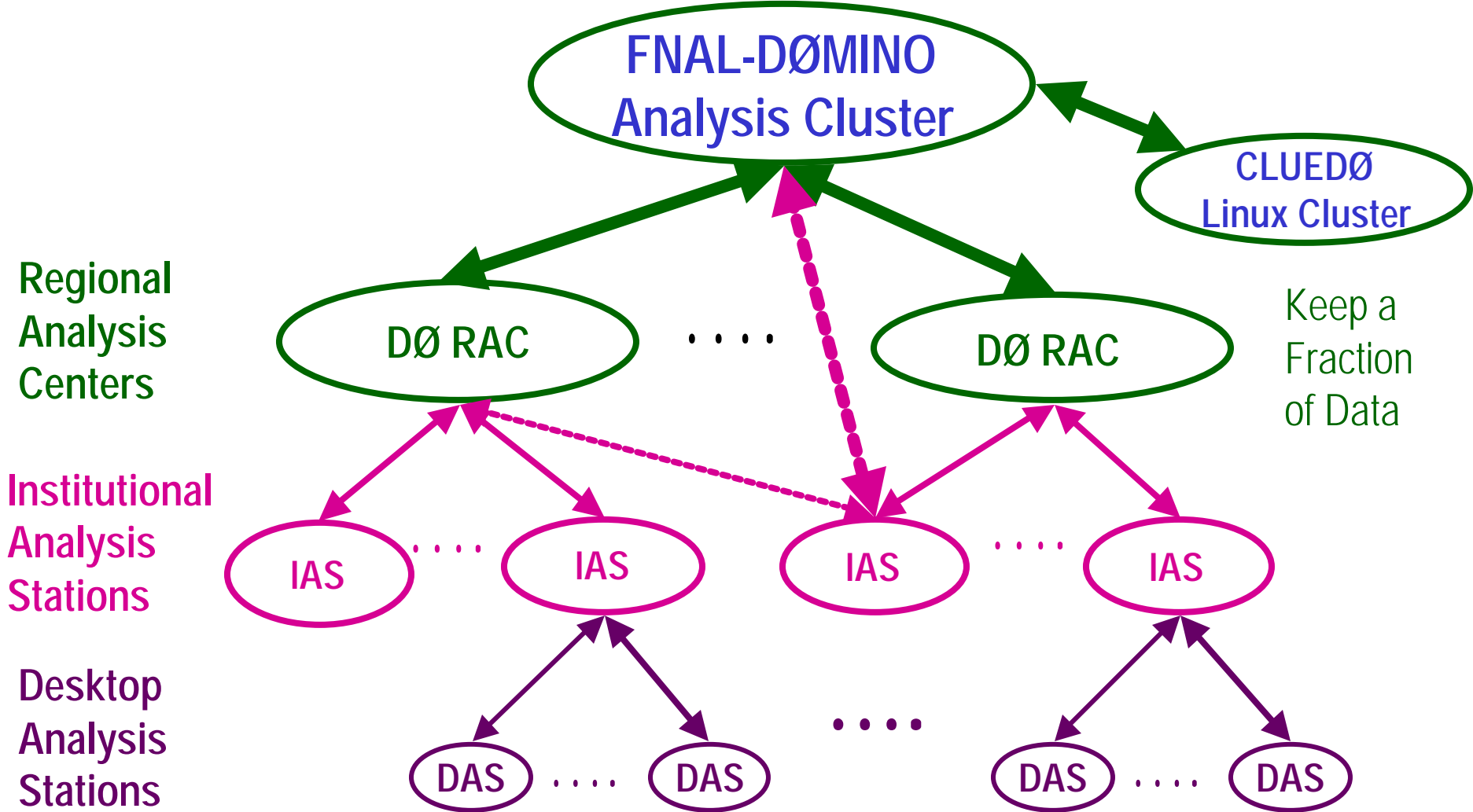


The DØ Grid Team

- Tomasz Wlodek: MC Farm Management, Liaison to DØ MC group, and DØ Lepto-quark analysis (DoE)
- Drew Meyer: MC Farm and DØ Grid design and Software Development – Lead software designer (Jae Yu's Start up)
- Karthik Gopalratnam: Physics Undergraduate, DØ Remote analysis web site, Farm daily maintenance, and initial set up of the root analysis environment (Jae Yu's Start up)
- Amruth Dattatreya/Venka Kaushik: CSE Masters Students, Grid tool installation, monitoring, benchmarking and network (Jae Yu's start up)
- Mark Sosebee: Computing system manager (0.5 UTA+0.5DoE)
- Having weekly meetings to keep up the progress
 - Weekly action items identified and checked at the next meeting



Schematics of a DØ Grid

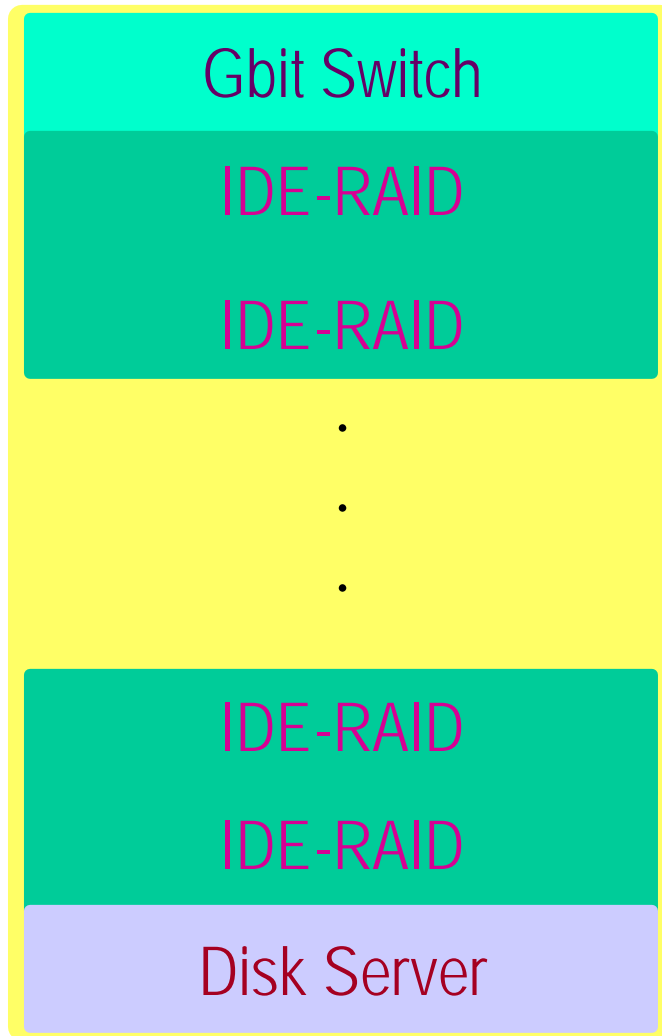


Plans for the Near Future

- Develop Grid software for job and resource control for DØ's use
 - Testing at DØ farm (HEP, CSE, and ACS)
 - Improve and generalize the software
 - Apply for ATLAS Grid computing
- Improve Network Infrastructure
 - Improvement Swift Center bandwidth from 10Mbits/sec to 100Mbits/sec a few weeks ago by the ACS Network group of UTA
 - Plan to increase the bandwidths to 1Gbit/sec early next year
 - Internet II ready for outside the campus communication
- Establish hardware infrastructure for large scale storage
 - Need ~50TBytes to store 10% of DØ Run IIa data
 - Scalable Storage model based on Hard disk RAID array
 - Start out with a simple prototype
 - Develop and test monitoring and control software



Prototype UTA DØ Regional Center



- IDE Hard drives are ~\$2.5/GByte
- Each set of IDE RAID array gives ~1.6TByte – hot swappable
- Can be configured to have up to 10-16TB in a rack
- Modest server can manage the entire system
- Gbit network switch provide high throughput transfer to outside world
- Flexible and scalable system
- Need an efficient monitoring and error recovery system
- Communication to resource management



Conclusions

- UTA has been the largest offsite farm in Run I and still and will be playing crucial roll in DØ MC production
 - The leadership is being taken away by the European institutions
- The recent appointment places UTA in a good position to play a leading roll in DØ remote analysis and Grid development effort
 - European dominated effort
 - UTA must be a flagship institution in the US effort
 - Must work together with DØ computing and PPDG groups
- UTA Plans to lead DØ Offsite Analysis System establishment effort → will play a leading role in the effort for DØ GRID development
- Plans to establish UTA as a DØ Regional Center
 - Improved network bandwidths
 - Establishment of the scalable storage system
 - Resource management software
 - Storage management software
- Prepare UTA to become an ATLAS Tier 2 site

